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NOTES ON THE SUMMER BIRDS OF HOLDERNESS, BETHLEHEM, AND FRANCONIA, N. H.

BY WALTER FAXON AND J. A. ALLEN.

[The following lists of birds observed in summer by Mr. Faxon form an interesting contribution to our knowledge of the distribution of the birds in the White Mountain region, supplementing in an important way the observations of Messrs. Maynard, Brewster, Minot, and Chadbourne. I have added thereto fragmentary notes made in 1874 in the same general region. My observations in Franconia were made in July, chiefly in the vicinity of Sugar Hill, several hundred feet above Franconia village; those in Bethlehem, in the early part of August.

Holderness, where observations were made by Mr. Faxon, is a few miles from Lake Winnipesaukee. This locality, as the list shows, is "near the border of the Alleghanian and Canadian Avifaunæ, although decidedly Alleghanian in its general character, the few characteristic Canadian birds found there being rare, e.g., White-throated Sparrow, Yellow-rumped Warbler, Black-throated Blue Warbler, Snowbird, etc." (Faxon, in letter accompanying his lists). Bethlehem is more decidedly Canadian in its affinities.—J. A. A.]

List of Birds observed near Squam Lake, Holderness, N. H., June 4-12, 1885, and June 4-11, 1886. By Walter Faxon.

- I. Urinator imber. Loon.—Common.
- 2. Actitis macularia. Spotted Sandpiper.—Common.
- 3. Bonasa umbellus. Ruffed Grouse.—Very common.
- 4. Buteo borealis. HEN HAWK.
- 5. Haliæetus leucocephalus. BALD EAGLE.—One individual seen.
- 6. Coccyzus erythrophthalmus. Black-billed Cuckoo. Common.
- 7. Ceryle alcyon. Kingfisher.—Common.
- 8. Dryobates villosus. HAIRY WOODPECKER.—Not common.
- 9. Ceophlœus pileatus. PILEATED WOODPECKER.—Rare. One seen.
- 10. Colaptes auratus. Golden-winged Woodpecker.—Common.
- II. Antrostomus vociferus. Whip-poor-will.—Abundant.
- 12. Chordeiles virginianus. NIGHTHAWK.—Common.
- 13. Chætura pelagica. CHIMNEY SWIFT.—Common.
- 14. Tyrannus tyrannus. KINGBIRD.—Common.
- 15. Myiarchus crinitus. CRESTED FLYCATCHER.—Common.

- 16. Sayornis phæbe. PHŒBE.—Common.
- 17. Contopus virens. Wood Pewee.-Common.
- 18. Empidonax minimus. Least Flycatcher.—Common.
- 19. Cyanocitta cristata. Blue JAY.—Not common.
- 20. Corvus americanus. CROW.—Abundant.
- 21. Dolichonyx oryzivorus. Bobolink.—Common.
- 22. Agelaius phœniceus. RED-WINGED BLACKBIRD.—Common.
- 23. Icterus galbula. BALTIMORE ORIOLE.—Not common.
- 24. Carpodacus purpureus. Purple Finch.—Not common.
- 25. Spinus tristis. Goldfinch.—Not common.
- 26. Poocætes gramineus. BAY-WINGED BUNTING.—Very common.
- 27. Ammodramus sandwichensis savanna. Savanna Sparrow. Not common.
 - 28. Zonotrichia albicollis. WHITE-THROATED SPARROW.—Rare.
 - 29. Spizella socialis. CHIPPING SPARROW.—Common.
 - 30. Spizella pusilla. FIELD SPARROW.—Very common.
- 31. Junco hyemalis. Snowbird. Rare; found on summit of Beech Hill, about 1150 feet above sea level, with fledged young.
 - 32. Melospiza fasciata. Song Sparrow.—Common.
 - 33. Melospiza georgiana. Swamp Sparrow.—Rare.
 - 34. Pipilo erythrophthalmus. Towhee.—Very common.
 - 35. Habia ludoviciana. Rose-breasted Grosbeak.-Not common.
 - 36. Passerina cyanea. Indigo-bird.—Very abundant.
 - 37. Piranga erythromelas. Scarlet Tanager.—Common.
 - 38. Progne subis. Purple Martin.—Common.
 - 39. Petrochelidon lunifrons. CLIFF SWALLOW.—Common.
 - 40. Chelidon erythrogaster. BARN SWALLOW.—Common.
 - 41. Tachycineta bicolor. White-bellied Swallow. Not common.
 - 42. Ampelis cedrorum. CEDAR-BIRD.—Common.
 - 43. Vireo olivaceus. RED-EYED VIREO.—Very common.
 - 44. Vireo gilvus. WARBLING VIREO.—Common near houses.
 - 45. Mniotilta varia. Black-and-white Creeper.—Common.
- 46. Helminthophila ruficapilla. Nashville Warbler. Very common.
- 47. Compsothlypis americana. Blue Yellow-backed Warbler. Not common.
 - 48. Dendroica æstiva. Summer Yellow-Bird.—Not common.
- 49. Dendroica cærulescens. Black-throated Blue Warbler. Rare. One seen.
- 50. Dendroica coronata. Yellow-rumped Warbler. Rare. One seen.
- 51. Dendroica pensylvanica. CHESTNUT-SIDED WARBLER.—Very abundant.
 - 52. Dendroica blackburniæ. Blackburnian Warbler.-Rare.
- 53. Dendroica virens. Black-throated Green Warbler. Common.
 - 54. Seiurus aurocapillus. Oven-BIRD.—Common.
 - 55. Seiurus noveboracensis. WATER-THRUSH.—Not common.

- 56. Geothlypis trichas. MARYLAND YELLOW-THROAT.—Common.
- 57. Sylvania canadensis. Canadian Warbler.—Rare.
- 58. Setophaga ruticilla. REDSTART.—Very abundant.
- 59. Galeoscoptes carolinensis. CATBIRD.—Common.
- 60. Harporhynchus rufus. Brown Thrasher.—Common.
- 61. Parus atricapillus. CHICKADEE.—Common.
- 62. Turdus fuscescens. VEERY.-Common.
- 63. Turdus aonalaschkæ pallasii. HERMIT THRUSH.—Common.
- 64. Merula migratoria. Robin.—Common.
- 65. Sialia sialis. BLUEBIRD.—Common.

List of Birds observed in Franconia, N. H., June 11-21, 1886, and June 4 to August 1, 1887. By Walter Faxon.

- I. Actitis macularia. Spotted Sandpiper. Common along the larger streams. Also seen on Echo Lake.
 - 2. Bonasa umbellus. Ruffed Grouse.—Common.
 - 3. Circus hudsonius. Marsh Hawk.—Common.
 - 4. Coccyzus erythrophthalmus. BLACK-BILLED CUCKOO. Common.
 - 5. Ceryle alcyon. Belted Kingfisher.—Rather common.
 - 6. Dryobates villosus. HAIRY WOODPECKER.—Rare.
- 7. Dryobates pubescens. Downy Woodpecker.—One specimen seen on Sugar Hill, Lisbon, near the Franconia line.
- 8. Picoides arcticus. Arctic Three-toed Woodpecker. One specimen seen on Mt. Lafayette, June, 1886.
- 9. Sphyrapicus varius. Yellow-bellied Woodpecker. Very common. Commonest of the Woodpeckers.
- 10. Colaptes auratus. Golden-winged Woodpecker. —Rather common.
 - 11. Antrostomus vociferus. Whip-poor-will.—Not very common.
 - 12. Chordeiles virginianus. NIGHTHAWK.—Not common.
 - 13. Chætura pelagica. CHIMNEY SWIFT.—Common.
 - 14. Trochilus colubris. Ruby-throated Hummingbird.—But few seen.
 - 15. Tyrannus tyrannus. KINGBIRD.—Common.
 - 16. Myiarchus cristatus. CRESTED FLYCATCHER.—Rare.
 - 17. Sayornis phæbe. Phæbe.—Common.
 - 18. Contopus borealis. OLIVE-SIDED FLYCATCHER.—Rather rare.
 - 19. Contopus virens. Wood Pewee.-Not common.
- 20. Empidonax flaviventris. Yellow-bellied Flycatcher.—Common. Inhabits deep, damp woods in the lower part of the town, and also found on the mountains to the height of 3600 feet.
- 21. Empidonax pusillus traillii. TRAILL'S FLYCATCHER. Common, especially among the alders along the water courses.
 - 22. Empidonax minimus. Least Flycatcher.—Common.
 - 23. Cyanocitta cristata. Blue JAY.—Common.
 - 24. Corvus americanus. American Crow.—Common.
 - 25. Dolichonyx oryzivorus. Bobolink.—Common.
- 26. Molothrus ater. Cowbird. One seen by Mr. Bradford Torrey, June, 1887.

Agelaius phæniceus was found at Streeter's Pond in the adjoining town of Lisbon. None were seen in Franconia.

- 27. Icterus galbula. BALTIMORE ORIOLE.—Not common.
- 28. Carpodacus purpureus. Purple Finch.—Common.
- 29. Loxia curvirostra minor. American Crossbill.-Common.
- 30. Loxia leucoptera. WHITE-WINGED CROSSBILL.—A few seen, June, 1886.
 - 31. Spinus tristis. AMERICAN GOLDFINCH.—Common.
 - 32. Spinus pinus. PINE SISKIN.—Common in June, 1886.
 - 33. Poocætes gramineus. BAY-WINGED SPARROW.—Abundant.
- 34. Ammodramus sandwichensis savanna. Savanna Sparrow.—
 Abundant.
 - 35. Zonotrichia albicollis. WHITE-THROATED SPARROW.—Common.
 - 36. Spizella socialis. Chipping Sparrow.—Common.
- 37. Spizella pusilla. FIELD SPARROW.—Common in dry pastures near the village.
 - 38. Junco hyemalis. Snowbird.—Abundant.
- 39. Melospiza fasciata. Song Sparrow. Abundant. Found breeding at the Eagle Lakes, Mt. Lafayette.
 - 40. Melospiza georgiana. Swamp Sparrow.—Rare.
- 41. Passer domesticus. House Sparrow.—One pair nesting in girder of the lowest bridge over the Gale River in the village, 1887. None seen in 1886.
- 42. Habia ludoviciana. Rose-breasted Grosbeak. Not very common.
 - 43. Passerina cyanea. Indigo Bunting.—Abundant.
 - 44. Piranga erythromelas. SCARLET TANAGER.-Not very common.
- 45. Progne subis. Purple Martin. A flock passed through the village, June 19, 1887. Apparently not breeding in the village.
 - 46. Petrochelidon lunifrons. EAVE SWALLOW.—Common.
 - 47. Chelidon erythrogaster. BARN SWALLOW.—Common.
 - 48. Tachycineta bicolor. WHITE-BELLIED SWALLOW.—Common.
 - 49. Clivicola riparia. BANK SWALLOW.—Common.
 - 50. Ampelis cedrorum. CEDAR-BIRD.-Abundant.
 - 51. Vireo olivaceus. RED-EYED VIREO.—Abundant.
- 52. Vireo philadelphicus. Philadelphia Vireo. One seen in the village throughout June and July, 1887.
 - 53. Vireo gilvus. WARBLING VIREO.—A few in the village elms.
 - 54. Vireo solitarius. Blue-Headed Vireo.—Not rare in deep woods.
 - 55. Mniotilta varia. BLACK-AND-WHITE WARBLER.-Not common.
 - 56. Helminthophila ruficapilla. NASHVILLE WARBLER.—Common.
- 57. Helminthophila peregrina. TENNESSEE WARBLER. Two, June, 1887, in pastures above the Profile House Farm. Evidently nesting in the neighborhood.
- 58. Compsothlypis americana. Blue Yellow-backed Warbler.—Common.
 - 59. Dendroica æstiva. YELLOW WARBLER.—Rare.

- 60. Dendroica cærulescens. BLACK-THROATED BLUE WARBLER Common.
- 61. Dendroica coronata. YELLOW-RUMPED WARBLER. Common, especially at the higher levels.
 - 62. Dendroica maculosa. BLACK-AND-YELLOW WARBLER.—Common.
 - 63. Dendroica pensylvanica. CHESTNUT-SIDED WARBLER.—Common.
- 64. Dendroica castanea. BAY-BREASTED WARBLER. Common in deep primitive woods, especially at high levels.
- 65. Dendroica striata. BLACK-POLL WARBLER. Common in Franconia Notch up to tree limit on Mt. Lafayette. Rare in the lower part of the town.
 - 66. Dendroica blackburniæ. Blackburnian Warbler.-Common.
- 67. Dendroica virens. Black-throated Green Warbler. Common.
 - 68. Seiurus aurocapillus. Oven-BIRD.—Common.
 - 69. Seiurus noveboracensis. WATER-THRUSH.-Rather common.
- 70. Geothlypis philadelphia. MOURNING WARBLER. Two, one near the Profile House, the other near the village.
 - 71. Geothlypis trichas. MARYLAND YELLOW-THROAT.—Common.
- 72. Silvania canadensis. Canadian Warbler.—Common, especially at higher levels.
 - 73. Setophaga ruticilla. AMERICAN REDSTART.—Common.
 - 74. Galeoscoptes carolinensis. CATBIRD.—Common.
 - 75. Troglodytes hiemalis. WINTER WREN.—Common.
 - 76. Certhia familiaris americana. Brown Creeper.—Rare.
- 77. Sitta carolinensis. WHITE-BREASTED NUTHATCH.—Not very common.
 - 78. Sitta canadensis. Red-Breasted Nuthatch.—Rare.
 - 79. Parus atricapillus. CHICKADEE.—Not very common.
- 80. Parus hudsonicus. Hudsonian Titmouse. Two seen on Mt. Lafayette, June 12, 1886, 3900 feet above sea.
- 81. Regulus satrapa. Golden-crowned Kinglet.—Common in coniferous forest.
 - 82. Turdus fuscescens. VEERY.-Very common.
- 83. Turdus aliciæ bicknelli. BICKNELL'S THRUSH.—Common on Mt. Lafayette, about the Eagle Lakes; also heard on Mt. Cannon.
- 84. Turdus ustulatus swainsonii. OLIVE-BACKED THRUSH.—Common at higher levels, and in deep woods about the village.
 - 85. Turdus aonalaschkæ pallasii. HERMIT THRUSH.—Common.
 - 86. Merula migratoria. AMERICAN ROBIN.—Common.
 - 87. Sialia sialis. BLUEBIRD.—Not common.

Notes on Birds observed at Franconia and Bethlehem, N. H., in July and August, 1874.* By J. A. Allen.

- 1. Bonasa umbellus. Common.
- 2. Ceryle alcyon. Common.

^{*} The species mentioned were seen at both localities, unless stated otherwise.

- Dryobates villosus. Common. 3.
- Dryobates pubescens. Common. 4.
- Sphyrapicus varius. Common. 5.
- 6. Colaptes auratus. But few seen.
- 7. Chordeiles popetue. Common.
- 8. Chætura pelagica. Common.
- Trochilus colubris. Frequently seen. g.
- Tyrannus tyrannus. Occasionally seen at both Franconia and TO. Bethlehem.
 - Myiarchus crinitus. Two seen August 15 and 16, at Bethlehem. 11.
 - 12. Contopus borealis. Rather common.
 - Contopus virens. Common. 13.
 - Empidonax pusillus traillii. Common. 14.
 - 15. Cyanocitta cristata. Common.
 - Corvus americanus. Abundant. 16.
 - Dolichonyx oryzivorus. Abundant. 17.
 - 18. Agelaius phœniceus. Seen a few times.
 - Icterus galbula. Seen a few times at Bethlehem, Aug. 15 and later. 19.
 - Carpodacus purpureus. Common. 20.
- Loxia curvirostra minor. Repeatedly observed at Bethlehem and 21. vicinity.
 - 22. Spinus tristis. Common.
 - 23. Poocætes gramineus. Abundant.
 - Ammodramus sandwichensis savanna. Rather common.
- 25. Zonotrichia albicollis. Abundant at nearly all points above 1000 feet.
 - Spizella socialis. Common. 26.
 - 27. Junco hyemalis. Common, at least everywhere above 1000 feet.
 - Melospiza fasciata. Abundant. 28.
 - Habia ludoviciana. Seen once at Bethlehem. 29.
 - Passerina cyanea. Rather common. 30.
 - Petrochelidon lunifrons. Abundant. 31.
 - 32. Chelidon erythrogaster. Abundant.
 - Clivicola riparia. Common. 33.
 - 34. Vireo olivaceus. Abundant.
 - 35. Dendroica cærulescens. Common.
 - 36. Dendroica æstiva. Frequent.
 - 37. Dendroica virens. Common.
 - Dendroica coronata. Occasionally seen. 38.
 - Dendroica pensylvanica. Common. 39.
 - 40. Seiurus aurocapillus. Common.
 - 41. Geothlypis trichas. Common.
 - Setophaga ruticilla. Not common. 42.
- Galeoscoptes carolinensis. A few seen in the valley of the Am-43. monoosuc at Bethlehem, and a few on Gale River, in and near Franconia village, but none at higher elevations, and only a few in all.-Harporhynchus rufus was not noted.

- 44. Troglodytes hiemalis. Frequent about Franconia.
- 45. Troglodytes aëdon. Seen a few times at Franconia.
- 46. Parus atricapillus. Common.
- 47. Turdus fuscescens. Seen a few times near Franconia village.
- 48. Turdus aonalaschkæ pallasii. Common.
- 49. Merula migratoria. Rather common.
- 50. Sialia sialis. Occasionally seen; not common.

THE BIRDS OF THE WEST INDIES, INCLUDING THE BAHAMA ISLANDS, THE GREATER AND THE LESSER ANTILLES, EXCEPTING THE ISLANDS OF TOBAGO AND TRINIDAD.

BY CHARLES B. CORY.

[Concluded from p. 82.]

FAMILY PODICIPIDÆ.

GENUS Podiceps LATH.

Podiceps LATHAM, Ind. Orn. II, p. 780, 1790.

Podiceps dominicus (LINN.).

- Colymbus dominicus Linn. Syst. Nat. I, p. 223 (1766).—Gundl. J. f. O. 1856, p. 430 (Cuba).
- Colymbus dominicensis D'ORB. in La Sagra's Hist. Nat. Cuba, Ois. p. 282 (1840).
- Podiceps dominicus Gosse, Bds. Jam. p. 440 (1847).—Sallé, P. Z. S. 1857, p. 237 (San Domingo).—Scl. P. Z. S. 1861, p. 82 (Jamaica).—March, Pr. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 1864, p. 70 (Jamaica).—Gundl. Repert. Fisico-Nat, Cuba, I, p. 386 (1866).—Bryant, Pr. Bost. Soc. Nat. Hist. XI, p. 97 (1867) (San Domingo).—Gundl. J. f. O. 1875, p. 365 (Cuba); ib. Anal. Soc. Esp. Hist. Nat. VII, p. 395 (1878) (Porto Rico).—Cory, Bds. Bahama I. p. 222 (1880).—A. & E. Newton, Handb. Jamaica, p. 117 (1881).—Cory, Bds. Haiti & San Domingo, p. 185 (1885); ib. List Bds. W. I. p. 34 (1885).
- Sylbeocyclus dominicus Brewer, Pr. Bost. Soc. Nat. Hist. VII, p. 308 (1860) (Cuba).
- Podilymbus dominicus TAYLOR, Ibis, 1864, p. 172 (Porto Rico).